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THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIGNED

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บริษัท สำนักงาน อีวาย จำกัด

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd.

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd. ("the Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the related statements of income and changes in shareholders' equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd. as at 31 December 2021 and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards for Non-Publicly Accountable Entities.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions as relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards for Non-Publicly Accountable Entities, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



I communicate with the management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.

Vilailak Laohasrisakul

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 6140

EY Office Limited

Bangkok: 5 April 2022

Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd. Statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2021

	(Unit: Baht)	(Unit: Baht)	(Unit: INR)	(Unit: INR)
	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020	31 Dec 2021	30 Dec 2020
Assets				
Non - current assets				
Equipment - net	8,735,504	11,306,699	20,007,969	25,897,084
Asset work-in-progress	1,694,477	-	3,881,063	-
Advance payment for purchase of equipment	-	1,322,811	-	3,029,792
Security Deposit	1,486,889	1,486,889	3,405,600	3,405,600
Total Non- current assets	11,916,870	14,116,399	27,294,632	32,332,476
Current assets				
Cash and Bank Balances	12,462,482	13,746,395	28,544,312	31,485,011
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-
Amount due from a parent company	9,419,681	-	21,575,021	-
Other current assets	2,419,630	4,278,304	5,541,968	9,799,111
Total current assets	24,301,793	18,024,699	55,661,301	41,284,122
Total assets	36,218,663	32,141,098	82,955,933	73,616,598
Liabilities and shareholders' equity				
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	2,561,466	1,040,428	5,866,833	2,383,017
Other current liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	2,561,466	1,040,428	5,866,833	2,383,017
Non-current liabilities				
Provision for long-term employee benefits	202,375	-	463,524	-
Total Non-current liabilities	202,375	-	463,524	-
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital				
Registered				
450,000 ordinary shares of Baht 100 each	45,000,000	45,000,000	103,068,877	103,068,877
Issued and fully paid-up				
450,000 ordinary shares of Baht 100 each	45,000,000	45,000,000	103,068,877	103,068,877
Deficit	(11,545,178)	(13,899,330)	(26,443,301)	(31,835,296)
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	-	-	-	-
Total shareholders' equity	33,454,822	31,100,670	76,625,576	71,233,581
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	36,218,663	32,141,098	82,955,933	73,616,598

Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd.

Profit & Loss Account for the period ended 31 December 2021

	(Unit: Baht)	(Unit: Baht)	(Unit: INR)	(Unit: INR)
	For the period	For the period	For the period	For the period
	Jan- Dec 21	Jan- Dec 20	Jan- Dec 21	Jan- Dec 20
Revenue		·		
Service income	36,540,137	-	83,692,242	-
Other income	-	40,470	-	92,693
Total revenue	36,540,137	40,470	83,692,242	92,693
Expenses				_
Cost of services	21,853,475	-	50,053,625	-
Administrative expenses	12,332,510	13,718,671	28,246,621	31,421,511
Total expenses	34,185,985	13,718,671	78,300,246	31,421,511
Net loss for the period	2,354,152	(13,678,201)	5,391,996	(31,328,818)

Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd.

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

For the period ended 31 December 2021

(Unit: Baht)

			. ,
	Issued and		
	fully paid-up		
	share capital	Deficit	Total
Balance as at 20 December 2019	-	-	-
Share capital issued and called-up			
during the period	45,000,000	-	45,000,000
Net loss for the period	-	(221,129)	(221,129)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	45,000,000	(221,129)	44,778,871
Balance as at 1 January 2020	45,000,000	(221,129)	44,778,871
Net loss for the year	-	(13,678,201)	(13,678,201)
Balance as at 31 December 2020	45,000,000	(13,899,330)	31,100,670
Balance as at 1 January 2021	45,000,000	(13,899,330)	31,100,670
Net loss for the period	-	2,354,152	2,354,152
Balance as at 31 December 2021	45,000,000	(11,545,178)	33,454,822
			(Unit: INR)
	Issued and		
	issueu anu		
	fully paid-up		
		Deficit	Total
Balance as at 20 December 2019	fully paid-up	Deficit -	Total -
Balance as at 20 December 2019 Share capital issued and called-up	fully paid-up	Deficit -	Total -
	fully paid-up	Deficit -	Total -
Share capital issued and called-up	fully paid-up share capital -	Deficit - - (506,478)	-
Share capital issued and called-up during the period	fully paid-up share capital -	-	103,068,877
Share capital issued and called-up during the period Net loss for the period	fully paid-up share capital - 103,068,877	(506,478)	103,068,877 (506,478)
Share capital issued and called-up during the period Net loss for the period Balance as at 31 December 2019	fully paid-up share capital - 103,068,877 - 103,068,877	(506,478) (506,478)	103,068,877 (506,478) 102,562,399
Share capital issued and called-up during the period Net loss for the period Balance as at 31 December 2019 Balance as at 1 January 2020	fully paid-up share capital - 103,068,877 - 103,068,877	(506,478) (506,478)	103,068,877 (506,478) 102,562,399
Share capital issued and called-up during the period Net loss for the period Balance as at 31 December 2019 Balance as at 1 January 2020 Net loss for the year	fully paid-up share capital - 103,068,877 - 103,068,877 103,068,877 -	(506,478) (506,478) (506,478) (31,328,818)	103,068,877 (506,478) 102,562,399 102,562,399 (31,328,818)
Share capital issued and called-up during the period Net loss for the period Balance as at 31 December 2019 Balance as at 1 January 2020 Net loss for the year Balance as at 31 December 2020	fully paid-up share capital - 103,068,877 - 103,068,877 - 103,068,877 - 103,068,877	(506,478) (506,478) (506,478) (31,328,818) (31,835,296)	103,068,877 (506,478) 102,562,399 102,562,399 (31,328,818) 71,233,581

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd.

Notes to financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2021

The Financial statements have been prepared in Thai Baht. Also the audit report is based on figures in Thai

Baht. For the purpose of user, the financial statement and notes as on 31 March 2022 & 2021 have been

converted in Indian Rupees at following exchange rate as on 31 March 2022:

1 USD = THB 33.0911

1 USD = Rs. 75.7900

Hence, 1 Rs. = THB 2.2904

1. General information

Bajaj Auto (Thailand) Ltd. ("the Company") is a limited company incorporated on 20 December 2019 and

domiciled in Thailand. Its parent company and the parent company of the Group is Bajaj Auto Ltd.,

which was incorporated in India. The Company is principally engaged in International Business Centre,

trade and investment support offices, scientific laboratory and product design. The registered office of

the Company is at No. 1687/1 Phahon19 Building, 2nd Floor, Phahonyothin Road, Chatuchak Sub-

District, Chatuchak District, Bangkok.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards

for Non-Publicly Accountable Entities as issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions and their

presentation has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Department

of Business Development, issued under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the

Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language

financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed

in the accounting policies.

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3. Significant accounting policies

3.1 Revenue and expense recognition

Rendering of services

Service income is recognized when services have been rendered taking into account the stage of completion.

Expense

Expense is recognised on an accrual basis.

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

3.3 Trade accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are stated at the net realizable value. Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for the estimated losses that may be incurred in collection of receivables. The allowance is generally based on collection experience and analysis of debt aging.

3.4 Equipment and depreciation

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for diminution in value (if any).

Depreciation of equipment is calculated by reference to its costs on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Machinery and equipment - 5 years

Furniture, fixtures and office equipment - 5 years

Computers - 3 years

Depreciation is included in determining income. No depreciation is provided on assets under installation.

3.5 Long-term leases

Leases of buildings which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.6 Foreign currencies

Transactions is foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in determining income.

3.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

For long-term employee benefits, the Company calculates its long-term employee benefits obligation on the basis of its best estimate of its payment obligations as at the end of the reporting period.

3.8 Income tax

Income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

4. Use of accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances, affecting amounts reported in these financial statements and related notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

5. Amount due from a parent company

As at 31 December 2021, amount due from parent company represented billed and unbilled receivables from rendering of services.

6. Other current assets

	(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)	(Unit: Thousand INR)		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Prepaid expenses	1,679	2,610	3,846	5,978	
Creditable value added tax	724	1,659	1,658	3,800	
Others	17	9	38	21	
Total	2,420	4,278	5,542	9,799	

7. Equipment

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		(Onit.	Thousand Baht)
	Machinery	Assets under	
_	and equipment	installation	Total
Cost			
1 January 2020	-	-	-
Additions	11,669		11,669
31 December 2020	11,669	-	11,669
Additions	-	1,694	1,694
31 December 2021	11,669	1,694	13,363
Accumulated depreciation			
1 January 2020	-	-	-
Depreciation for the year	362		362
31 December 2020	362	-	362
Depreciation for the year	2,571		2,571
31 December 2021	2,933	<u> </u>	2,933
Net book value			
31 December 2020	11,307	<u> </u>	11,307
31 December 2021	8,736	1,694	10,430
		(Unit	: Thousand INR)
	Machinery	Assets under	. Thousand harty
	and equipment	Installation	Total
Cost			
1 January 2020	-	-	-
Additions	26,727	-	26,727
31 December 2020	26,727	-	26,727
Additions	-	3,881	3,881
31 December 2021	26,727	3,881	30,608
Accumulated depreciation			
1 January 2020	-	-	-
Depreciation for the year	829	-	829
31 December 2020	829	-	829
Depreciation for the year	5,889	-	5,889
31 December 2021	6,718	-	6,718

Net book value

31 December 2020	25,898	<u> </u>	25,898	
31 December 2021	20,008	3,881	23,889	

8. Other non-current assets

	(Unit: The	ousand Baht)	(Unit: Thousand INR)		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Deposits	1,487	1,487	3,406	3,406	
Total	1,487	1,487	3,406	3,406	

9. Provision for long-term employee benefits

	(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)	(Unit: Thousand INR)		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-	
Increase during the year	202		464		
Total	202		464		

The provision represents the Company's obligations payable to its employees when they reach a retirement age. They are determined based on the employee's age, length of employment services, salary increment rate and other things.

10. Income tax expense

The Company is not liable to corporate income tax for the year 2021 because profit was derived from promoted operations and the Company utilised unused tax loss brought forward from prior years.

11. Promotional privileges

The Company has received tax promotional privileges from the Board of Investment subjecting to certain imposed conditions, pursuant to the promotion certificate as below.

Promotion				Significant corporate income tax		
certificate no.	Issued date	Promoted operations		Promoted operations		privileges
63-0456-1-00-0-0	16 April 2020	International Business		International Business		Applying International Business
		Centre		Centre (IBC) tax rate		
63-0455-1-00-2-0	16 April 2020	Engineering design		Exemption from corporate income		
		service		tax for a period of 8 years from		
				the date the promoted		
				operations commenced		
				generating revenues (7 June		
				2021)		

The Company's operating revenues for the years are below shown divided according to promoted and non-promoted operations.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Domestic		Export		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Promoted operations						
International Business						
Centre	-	-	229	-	229	-
Engineering design service	-	-	36,311	-	36,311	-
Non-promoted operations		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	_	<u>-</u>	36,540		36,540	-

(Unit: Thousand INR)

	Domestic		Export		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Promoted operations						
International Business						
Centre	-	-	525	-	525	-
Engineering design service	-	-	83,167	-	83,167	-
Non-promoted operations	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Total			83,692		83,692	_

12. Operating lease commitments

The Company has entered into a lease agreement in respect of the lease of office building with the term of 3 years. Future minimum lease payments required under the lease agreement were as follows.

	(Unit: N	Million Baht)	(Unit: Million INR)		
	2021	2021	2021	2020	
Payable:					
In up to 1 year	9	9	21	21	
In over 1 and up to 3 years	4	4	9	9	

13. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's authorised directors on 5 April 2022.