FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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The financial statements have been prepared in Indonesian Rupiah. Also the audit report is based on figures in Indonesian Rupiah. For the purpose of user, the financial statements and notes as on 31 March 2015 & 2014 have been converted in Indian Rupees at following exchange rates as on 31 March 2015.

1 USD = Indonesian Rupiah 13084

1 USD = Rs. 62.50

Hence, Re. 1 = Indonesian Rupiah 209.34

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# DIRECTORS' STATEMENT RELATING TO THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA

## We, the undersigned:

Name : Kulkarni Dinesh Anantrao

Office address : Jalan Panjang No. 11D-E Arteri Kelapa Dua

Kebon Jeruk – Jakarta 11550

Domicile as stated in ID card : 2C21JD2358-L

B-8, BVH Road, Spring Hill Residences

Kemayoran – Jakarta Pusat

Phone number : (+62-21) 89908907

Position : President Director

#### State that:

- We are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015;
- 2. The financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards;
- 3. a. All information contained in the financial statements is complete and correct;
  - b. The financial statements do not contain misleading material information or facts, and do not omit material information or facts;
- 4. We are responsible for the Company's internal control system.

This statement is made truthfully.

Jakarta, April 16, 2015

PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA

Materai Rp 6,000

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

No. 004 B15 BAJI PA GA

The Commissioners and Directors PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA** (the **Company)** which comprise of the statement of financial position as of March 31, 2015; and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of such financial statements in accordance with the Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on such financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards established by the Indonesian Institute of Certified Public Accountants. These standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether such financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA** as at March 31, 2015, and its financial performance, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards.

# TRISNO, ADAMS & REKAN

Business License No. KMK.NOMOR 922/KM.1/2010

Patrick Henry Adam, M.Com., CPA of Indonesia License No. AP .0548

April 16, 2015

PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
<u>ASSETS</u>					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	2b,2d,3	11,223,651,453	9,268,346,086	5.36	4.43
Inventories	2f,4	-	3,347,556,616	-	1.61
Prepaid taxes	2o,6a	114,343,056	329,343,762	0.06	0.16
Prepaid expenses and advances	2n		1,325,857,936		0.63
Total Current Assets		11,337,994,509	14,271,104,400	5.42	6.83
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment - net of accumulated depreciation of nil in 2015 and					
IDR 11,005,589,279 in 2014 (INR 5.26 crore)	2i,7	-	722,175,668	-	0.34
Security deposit		10,000,000	1,202,598,600	<u> </u>	0.57
Total Noncurrent Assets		10,000,000	1,924,774,268	<u> </u>	0.91
TOTAL ASSETS		11,347,994,509	16,195,878,668	5.42	7.74

See accompanying notes to financial statements which are an integral part of the financial statements

Rakesh Sharma President Commissioner

Kevin D'sa Commissioner

Teguh Boentoro Commissioner

PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

	Notes	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		.2.1	.5.1	(6.6.6)	(Gross)
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Other payables		_	898,545,057	_	0.43
Taxes payable	20,6b	10,000,000	36,818,314	_	0.02
Accrued expenses	2n	117,756,000	254,712,655	0.06	0.12
Total Current Liabilities		127,756,000	1,190,076,026	0.06	0.57
NON-CURRENT LIABILITY					
Employees' benefits obligation	2k,8		453,120,736	<u> </u>	0.22
EQUITY					
Capital stock - USD 100 (IDR 935,500) par value per share					
Authorized, subscribed and paid-up - 295,000 shares	9	388,232,500,000	388,232,500,000	185.45	185.45
Foreign exchange difference on paid-up capital	9	17,623,187,500	17,623,187,500	8.42	8.42
Deficit		(394,635,448,991)	(391,303,005,594)	(188.51)	(186.92)
Total Equity		11,220,238,509	14,552,681,906	5.36	6.95
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		11,347,994,509	16,195,878,668	5.42	7.74

See accompanying notes to financial statements which are an integral part of the financial statements

Rakesh Sharma President Commissioner

Kevin D'sa Commissioner

Teguh Boentoro Commissioner

PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA
STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
NET SALES	2n,10	5,410,468,257	18,417,448,332	2.58	8.80
COST OF GOODS SOLD	2c,2n,5b,11	4,781,519,409	17,184,714,589	2.28	8.21
GROSS PROFIT		628,948,848	1,232,733,743	0.30	0.59
OPERATING EXPENSES Selling General and administrative	2n,12	(95,400,087) (6,196,657,014)	(2,862,355,112) (21,913,150,519)	(0.05) (2.96)	(1.37) (10.47)
Total Operating Expenses		(6,292,057,101)	(24,775,505,631)	(3.01)	(11.84)
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS		(5,663,108,253)	(23,542,771,888)	(2.71)	(11.25)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES) Gain (loss) on foreign exchange - net Gain on sale of property, plant and equipments - net Rental income Interest income - net Interest expense Others	2b	732,805,978 198,774,795 48,600,000 1,756,886 - 1,348,727,197	(5,130,421,603) 4,482,679 - 3,850,179 (733,521,676) 4,133,835,047	0.36 0.09 0.02 - - 0.65	(2.44) - - - (0.35) 1.98
Other Income (Expenses) - Net		2,330,664,856	(1,721,775,374)	1.12	(0.81)
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(3,332,443,397)	(25,264,547,262)	(1.59)	(12.06)
INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSES)	20,6c		(59,822,885,525)	<u> </u>	(28.58)
LOSS FOR THE YEAR		(3,332,443,397)	(85,087,432,787)	(1.59)	(40.64)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			<u> </u>		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR		(3,332,443,397)	(85,087,432,787)	(1.59)	(40.64)

See accompanying notes to financial statements which are an integral part of the financial statements.

Rakesh Sharma President Commissioner

Kevin D'sa Commissioner

Teguh Boentoro Commissioner

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	Paid-up capital stock IDR	Foreign exchange difference on paid-up capital IDR	Deficit IDR	Total equity (capital deficiency) IDR
Balance as of April 1, 2013	275,972,500,000	6,508,187,500	(306,215,572,807)	(23,734,885,307)
Additional paid up capital	112,260,000,000	11,115,000,000	-	123,375,000,000
Total comprehensive loss for the year	<del>-</del>		(85,087,432,787)	(85,087,432,787)
Balance as of March 31, 2014	388,232,500,000	17,623,187,500	(391,303,005,594)	14,552,681,906
Total comprehensive loss for the year			(3,332,443,397)	(3,332,443,397)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	388,232,500,000	17,623,187,500	(394,635,448,991)	11,220,238,509
	Paid-up capital stock INR (Crore)	Foreign exchange difference on paid-up capital INR (Crore)	Deficit INR (Crore)	Total equity (Capital Deficiency) INR (Crore)
Balance as of April 1, 2013	131.83	3.11	(146.28)	(11.34)
Additional paid up capital	53.62	5.31	-	58.93
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<del>-</del>	(40.64)	(40.64)
Balance as of March 31, 2014	185.45	8.42	(186.92)	6.95
Total comprehensive loss for the year	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	(1.59)	(1.59)
Balance as of March 31, 2015	185.45	8.42	(188.51)	5.36

See accompanying notes to financial statements which are an integral part of the financial statements

<u>Rakesh Sharma</u> President Commissioner <u>Kevin D'sa</u> Commissioner Teguh Boentoro Commissioner

PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees Interest and financial charges paid Cash receipts from tax refund	5,410,468,257 (5,714,139,641) - 285,140,802	19,553,163,883 (96,424,178,728) (733,521,676) 24,749,520	2.58 (2.73) - 0.14	9.34 (46.06) (0.35) 0.01
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(18,530,582)	(77,579,787,001)	(0.01)	(37.06)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Decrease in security deposit Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,756,886 779,480,463 1,192,598,600 1,973,835,949	3,850,179 812,422,147 181,909,000 998,181,326	0.37 0.57 0.94	0.39 0.09 0.48
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Payment of bank loan  Paid-up capital  Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	-	(48,595,000,000) 123,375,000,000 74,780,000,000	- - -	(23.21) 58.93 35.72
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,955,305,367	(1,801,605,675)	0.93	(0.86)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	9,268,346,086	11,069,951,761 9,268,346,086	4.43 5.36	5.29 4.43

See accompanying notes to financial statements which are an integral part of the financial statements

Rakesh Sharma President Commissioner

Kevin D'sa Commissioner Teguh Boentoro Commissioner

President Commissioner Commissioners

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014 (Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. GENERAL

PT Bajaj Auto Indonesia (the Company) was established within the framework of the Foreign Capital Investment Law No. 1 year 1967 as amended by Law No. 11 year 1970, based on notarial Deed No. 9 dated July 3, 2006 of Sutjipto, S.H., M.Kn., notary public in Jakarta. The deed of establishment has been approved by the Minister of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia with decision letter No. C-22753 HT.01.01.TH.2006 dated August 3, 2006, and was published in State Gazette No. 83 dated October 17, 2006, Supplement No. 11137. Based on Decision Letter No. 631/I/PMA/2006, Project Code No. 3591/5030-31/32-19262 dated June 8, 2006 and No. 1119/III/PMA/08 dated July 10, 2008, the Company obtained approval for foreign investment from Foreign Investment Coordinating Board (BKPM). The articles of association have been amended several times, most recently are:

- Notarial deed No. 82 dated April 18, 2013 by Mala Mukti, S.H., LL.M., a notary public in Jakarta, concerning in increasing paid up capital based on circular of shareholders. These changes has been approved by the Minister of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia with decision letter No. AHU-27579-AH.01.02-Tahun 2013 dated May 22, 2013.
- Notarial deed No. 09 dated September 9, 2013 by Mala Mukti, S.H., LL.M., a notary public in Jakarta, concerning in changes of the management structure of the board of directors and company's head office address. These changes has been approved by the Minister of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia with decision letter No. AHU-65799.AH.01.02.Tahun 2013 dated December 16, 2013.
- Notarial deed No. 92 dated Januari 30, 2014 by Mala Mukti, S.H., LL.M., a notary public in Jakarta, concerning in increasing paid up capital based on circular of shareholders. These changes has been approved by the Minister of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia with decision letter No. AHU-08665.AH.01.02.Tahun 2014 dated February 28, 2014.
- The Company has obtained the approval letter from Foreign Investment Coordinating Board (BKPM) regarding increase in paid in capital as stated in BKPM's approval No. 671/A.8/PMA/2013, dated April 11, 2013 and No.175/I/IP-PB/PMA/2014 dated January 24, 2014.

The Company is domiciled in Jalan Panjang No. 11D-E Arteri Kelapa Dua, Kebon Jeruk - Jakarta..

In accordance with article 3 of the Company's articles of association, the scope of its activities is to engage in the trading and manufacturing of two wheelers, three wheelers and spare parts thereof. The Company started commercial operations in 2006.

The Company's management as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 consist of the following:

2015 and 2014

Rakesh Sharma

Kevin D'sa

Teguh Boentoro

President Director Kulkarni Dinesh Anantrao

The Company had total number of employees of nil in 2015 and 4 persons in 2014 (unaudited).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards ("SAK"), which comprise the Statements and Intrepretations issued by the Board of Financial Accounting Standards of the Indonesian Institute of Accountants. Such financial statements are an English translation of the Company's statutory report in Indonesia, and are not intended to present financial position and results of operations, changes in equity, and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and reporting practices generally accepted in other countries and jurisdictions.

The financial statements, except for the statements of cash flows, are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting. The reporting currency used in the preparation of the financial statements is the Indonesian Rupiah, while the measurement basis used is the historical cost, except for certain accounts which are measured on the bases described in the related accounting policies.

The statements of cash flows are prepared using the direct method with classifications of cash flows into operating, investing and financing activities.

#### b. Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation

The financial statements are presented in Rupiah, which is functional currency and reporting currency of the Company. Transactions denominated in a foreign currency are translated into Rupiah at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. At the reporting dates, monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the Central Bank of Indonesia middle rates. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the

#### c. Transaction with Related Parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Company:

- 1) directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party (1) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Company; has an interest in the Company that gives it significant influence over the Company; or has joint control over the Company.
- 2) the party is an associate of the Company;
- 3) the party is a joint venture in which the Company is a venturer;
- 4) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Company;
- 5) the party is a close member of the family of any individuals referred to in (1) or (4)
- 6) the party is an entity that is controller, jointly controlled, significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (4) or (5); or
- 7) The party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit employees of the Company, or of any entity that is a related party of the Company.

#### d. Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and in banks and all unrestricted investment with maturities of three months or less from the date of placement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### e. Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivable is established when there is objective evidence that the outstanding amounts of the Company's receivables will not be collected.

#### f. Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Costs of vehicles and spare parts are determined using the moving weighted average method.

A provision for inventory loss is determined on the basis of estimated inventory losses since the date of the last physical inventory.

#### g. Impairment of Financial Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are recognised only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. The Company first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists.

For loans and receivables category, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

#### h. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are amortized over their beneficial periods using the straight-line method.

## i. Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Years
Machinery	8
Computer and data processing equipment	4
Factory equipment	8
Home and office appliance	4
Transportation equipment	4-8

When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its estimated recoverable amount, which is determined as the higher of net selling price of value in use.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### i. Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation (Continued)

The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to operations as incurred. Other costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service an item of property, plant and equipment, are recognized as asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Gain and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized within other gains (losses) – net in the profit and loss.

#### j. Trade Payables

Trade payable are stated at nominal values.

#### k. Employees' Benefits

The Company recognized the estimated liabilities for employees' benefits in accordance with the Labor Law No. 13/2003 dated March 25, 2003.

The cost of providing post-employment benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The accumulated unrecognized actuarial gains and losses that exceed 10% of the greater of the present value of the Company's defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets are recognized on straight-line basis over the expected average remaining working lives of the participating employees. Past service cost is recognized immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortized on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The post-employment benefits obligation recognized in the statements of financial position represent the present value of the defined benefit obligation, as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses and unrecognized past service cost and as reduced by the fair value of plan assets.

#### I. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At reporting date, the Company reviews any indication of asset impairment.

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sales and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that have suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

# m. Financial Assets and Liabilities

#### Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified in categories of (i) financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, (ii) loans and receivables, (iii) held-to-maturity financial assets, and (iv) available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financials assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

#### Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified in the following categories of (i) financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss and (ii) financial liabilities measured at amortized cost. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they have redeemed or otherwise extinguished.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### m. Financial Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

#### Determination of Fair Value

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is determined based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. Quoted market value used by the Company for the financial asset is bid price, while for the financial liabilities is ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments not traded in active markets is determined by using a specific valuation technique. The Company uses the discounted cash flow method by using assumptions based on market conditions existing at the date of financial position to determine the fair value of other financial instruments

#### n. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Sales are recognized when the goods are delivered and title has passed. Expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### o. Income Tax

Current tax expense is determined based on the taxable income for the year computed using prevailing tax rates.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available in future periods against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the date of financial statements. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the statement of income, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also charged or credited directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset in the statements of financial position, except if these are for different legal entities, in the same manner the current tax assets and liabilities are presented.

Amendments to tax obligation are recorded when an assessment is received or, if appealed against by the Company and its subsidiaries, when the result of the appeal is determined.

# p. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could be different from these estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

#### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>2015</u> IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
Cash on hand - Rupiah		2,279,052		
Cash in banks Citibank N.A. PT Bank Central Asia, Tbk PT Bank Danamon Indonesia, Tbk	11,223,451,453 200,000 -	8,185,785,906 677,918,695 402,362,433	5.36 - -	3.92 0.32 0.19
Subtotal	11,223,651,453	9,266,067,034	5.36	4.43
Total	11,223,651,453	9,268,346,086	5.36	4.43
By Currency				
	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
United States Dollar Indonesian Rupiah	5,513,409,190 5,710,242,263	6,120,169,513 3,148,176,573	2.63 2.73	2.93 1.50
Total	11,223,651,453	9,268,346,086	5.36	4.43
. INVENTORIES				
	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
Finished goods			(3.3.3)	(5.5.5)
Vehicles - two wheelers	-	2,126,045,775	-	1.02
Spareparts	-	473,706,141	-	0.23
Semi finished components	-	230,916,895	-	0.11
Goods in transit Spareparts		516,887,805	<u> </u>	0.25
Total		3,347,556,616		1.61

# 5. NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

# a. Nature of Relationship

- Bajaj Auto Limited and Mr. Teguh Boentoro are the stockholders of the Company.
- PT Abdi Raharja is a related party wherein stockholder is the same as the stockholder of the Company.

# b. Purchases

Purchases from Bajaj Auto Limited amounting to IDR 1,063,038,551 (Rs. 0.51 crore) and IDR 3,000,250,000 (Rs. 1.43 crore) for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 respectively and constituted approximately 22.23% and 17.46% of the total Cost of Goods Sold for 2015 and 2014 which, according to management, were made at normal terms and conditions as those done with third parties.

PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

# 6. TAXATION

# a. Prepaid Taxes

	2015	2014	2015	2014
	IDR	IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
Income tax - Article 28a				
2015	38,122,000	_	0.02	_
2014	-	74,355,000	-	0.04
2013	_	211,099,000	-	0.10
Value Added Tax	76,221,056	-	0.04	-
Tax receivable (Note 6d)	70,221,000		0.01	
Income tax article 23	_	23,664,960	_	0.01
Value Added Taxes	_	20,224,802	_	0.01
Total	114,343,056	329,343,762	0.06	0.16
	111,010,000	020,010,102	0.00	0.10
b. <u>Taxes Payable</u>				
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	IDR	IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
Income taxes:				
Article 4 (2)	10,000,000	=	-	-
Article 21	-	31,552,156	-	0.02
Article 23	-	4,966,553	-	-
Value Added Taxes	<del></del>	299,605	-	
Total	10,000,000	36,818,314		0.02
c. <u>Tax Benefit</u>				
A reconciliation between loss before tax per statements of inco	ome and fiscal loss is as follows:			
7 Tood Tolliation between 1000 before tax per statements of the	offic and fiscal loss is as follows.			
A tool of market between the bottom tax per statements of the		2014	2015	2014
A recensimation section less solers tax per etatemente en me	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
Loss before tax per statements of income	2015			
Loss before tax per statements of income		IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences:	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397)	IDR (25,264,547,262)	INR (Crore) (1.59)	INR (Crore) (12.06)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences:  Provision for employees' benefit income - realization	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736)	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206)	INR (Crore) (1.59) (0.22)	(12.06) (1.12)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences:	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397)	IDR (25,264,547,262)	INR (Crore) (1.59)	INR (Crore) (12.06)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization Total  Nondeductible expenses (income):	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736)	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206)	INR (Crore) (1.59) (0.22)	(12.06) (1.12)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds:	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736)	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206)	(1.59) (0.22) (0.22)	(12.06) (1.12) (1.12)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization Total  Nondeductible expenses (income):	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736)	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206)	INR (Crore) (1.59) (0.22)	(12.06) (1.12)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206)	(1.59) (0.22) (0.22)	(12.06) (12.12) (1.12) (1.12)
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206) 461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968	(0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02	(1.12) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206) 461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970	(0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02	(12.06) (12.06) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.08
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206) 461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500	(0.22) (0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01	(12.06) (12.06) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.08 0.02
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434	(25,264,547,262) (2,324,618,206) (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600	0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	(1.12) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.08 0.02 0.04
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds Medical allowance and benefit	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434 10,714,716	(25,264,547,262)  (2,324,618,206)  (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600 41,253,453	(0.22) (0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01	(1.12) (1.12) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.08 0.02 0.04 0.02
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds Medical allowance and benefit Pantry	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434	(25,264,547,262)  (2,324,618,206)  (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600 41,253,453 25,759,547	0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	(1.12) (1.12) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.08 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.04 0.02
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds Medical allowance and benefit Pantry Other compensation	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434 10,714,716	(25,264,547,262)  (2,324,618,206)  (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600 41,253,453 25,759,547 260,087,331	0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	(1.12) (1.12) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.08 0.02 0.04 0.02
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds Medical allowance and benefit Pantry Other compensation Employees expense	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434 10,714,716 1,952,450	(25,264,547,262)  (2,324,618,206)  (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600 41,253,453 25,759,547 260,087,331 5,433,514	0.22) (0.22) (0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	(1.12) (1.12) (1.12) (1.12) 0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.08 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.04 0.02
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds Medical allowance and benefit Pantry Other compensation Employees expense Gift and presents	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434 10,714,716 1,952,450	(25,264,547,262)  (2,324,618,206)  (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600 41,253,453 25,759,547 260,087,331 5,433,514 2,742,996	0.10 0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.04 0.02
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds Medical allowance and benefit Pantry Other compensation Employees expense	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434 10,714,716 1,952,450	(25,264,547,262)  (2,324,618,206)  (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600 41,253,453 25,759,547 260,087,331 5,433,514	0.10 0.22) 0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.22 0.17 - 0.04 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.04 0.02
Loss before tax per statements of income  Temporary differences: Provision for employees' benefit income - realization  Total  Nondeductible expenses (income): Employees' benefit in kinds: Residence rental Miscellaneous expense Provision for doubtful account Employees' residence telephone and mobilephones Entertainment Depreciation Other employees benefit in kinds Medical allowance and benefit Pantry Other compensation Employees expense Gift and presents Interest income	2015 IDR (3,332,443,397) (453,120,736) (453,120,736) 217,908,069 154,145,615 85,365,365 49,141,471 38,732,733 23,406,250 13,862,434 10,714,716 1,952,450 - - (1,756,886)	(25,264,547,262)  (2,324,618,206)  (2,324,618,206)  461,901,274 348,807,533 - 88,357,968 174,509,970 46,812,500 84,887,600 41,253,453 25,759,547 260,087,331 5,433,514 2,742,996 (3,850,179)	0.22) (0.22) (0.22)  0.10 0.07 0.04 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.22 0.17 0.04 0.02 0.04 0.02 0.01 0.12

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)
6. TAXATION (Continued)

# c. Tax Benefit (Continued)

	2015	2014	2015	2014
	IDR	IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
Compensated prior year fiscal loss:				
2015	(7,986,119,413)	-	(3.82)	-
2014	(27,122,427,272)	(27,122,427,272)	(12.97)	(12.97)
2013	(37,821,960,782)	(37,821,960,782)	(18.07)	(18.07)
Adjustment of tax decision letter			-	` -
for income tax 2013	37,821,960,782	-	18.07	-
2012	(18,344,845,869)	(18,344,845,869)	(8.76)	(8.76)
Adjustment of tax decision letter		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· - '	`-
for income tax 2012	18,344,845,869	18,344,845,869	8.76	8.76
2011	(21,590,369,920)	(21,590,369,920)	(10.31)	(10.31)
Adjustment of tax decision letter		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	` -	` - ′
for income tax 2011	1,231,227,900	1,231,227,900	0.59	0.59
2010	(34,414,091,767)	(34,414,091,767)	(16.44)	(16.44)
Adjustment of tax decision letter			-	-
for income tax 2010	747,189,291	747,189,291	0.36	0.36
Accumulated fiscal loss	(89,134,591,180)	(118,970,432,549)	(42.59)	(56.84)

# d. Tax Decision Letter

The Company obtained Tax Decision Letter from Chief of Jakarta Tax Service Office as follows:

			2015			
No.	Date	Decision Letter No.	Description	Period	Excess (under) payment	Excess (under) payment (INR)
1	July 2, 2014	00149/406/12/055/14	Corporate income tax refund based on tax assesment letter	2013 (fiscal year 2012)	211,090,000	0.10
2	December 8, 2014	KEP- 00047/SKPPKP/WPJ.07/K P.0303/2014	Preliminary refund corporate income tax	2014 (fiscal year 2013)	53,826,000	0.03
3	June 19, 2014	Put- 53298/PP/M.IVB/16/2014	Value Added Tax refund based on Court Judgement result	2009	19,584,802	0.01
4	June 19, 2014	Put- 53299/PP/M.IVB/16/2014	Value Added Tax refund based on Court Judgement result	2010	640,000	-

PT BAJAJ AUTO INDONESIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014
(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

# 6. TAXATION (Continued)

# d. Tax Decision Letter

			2014		
Date	No. Tax Decision Letter	Description	Period	Over (under) payment	Over (under) payment (INR)
July 25, 2013	00162/406/11/055/13	Corporate income tax	2012 (fiscal year 2011)	21,434,000	0.0
	00017/503/11/055/13	Income tax - article 23	April - December 2011	Nil	Nil
	00002/203/12/055/13	Income tax - article 23	Januari - Maret 2012	(23,664,960)	(0.0
	00002/240/12/055/13	Income tax - article 4 (2)	April - December 2011	Nil	Nil
	00002/240/12/055/13	Income tax - article 4 (2)	Januari - Maret 2012	(686,434)	-
	00123/501/11/055/13	Income tax - article 21	January - December 2011	Nil	Nil
	00002/502/11/055/13	Income tax - article 22	April - December 2011	Nil	Nil
	00001/502/12/055/13	Income tax - article 22	Januari - Maret 2012	Nil	Nil
	00019/504/11/055/13	Income tax - article 26	April - December 2011	Nil	Nil
	00003/504/12/055/13	Income tax - article 26	Januari - Maret 2012	Nil	Nil
	00984/507/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	April 2011	Nil	Nil
	00985/507/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	May 2011	Nil	Nil
	00886/207/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	June 2011	(857,290)	-
	00887/207/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	July 2011	(19,034,734)	(0.0
	00888/207/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	August 2011	(9,844,842)	-
	00889/207/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	September 2011	(18,411,200)	(0.0
	00890/207/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	October 2011	(15,204,792)	(0.0
	00891/207/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	November 2011	(809,200)	-
	00892/207/11/055/13	Value Added Tax	Desember 2011	(1,943,040)	-
	00049/207/12/055/13	Value Added Tax	January 2012	(9,654,980)	-
	00050/207/12/055/13	Value Added Tax	February 2012	(22,708,800)	(0.0
	00051/207/12/055/13	Value Added Tax	March 2012	(10,214,400)	-
	00154/577/11/055/13	Value Added Tax Service	August 2011	Nil	Nil

# 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

<u>-</u>	April 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR	INR ( Crore)
At cost:					
Machinery	5,721,481,671	-	(5,721,481,671)	-	-
Computer and data processing					
equipment	858,264,405	-	(858,264,405)	-	-
Factory equipment	1,397,147,293	-	(1,397,147,293)	=	-
Home and office appliances	982,812,598	-	(982,812,598)	-	-
Transportation equipment	1,152,626,927	-	(1,152,626,927)	-	-
Electric Installations	1,615,432,053	<u> </u>	(1,615,432,053)	<u> </u>	
Total	11,727,764,947		(11,727,764,947)		

# 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

_	April 1, 2014 IDR	Additions IDR	Deductions	March 31, 2015 IDR	March 31, 2015 INR ( Crore)
Accumulated depreciation: Machinery Computer and data processing	5,721,481,641	-	(5,721,481,641)	-	-
equipment	822,037,621	11,205,965	(833,243,586)	-	-
Factory equipment	1,280,850,826	27,292,084	(1,308,142,910)	-	-
Home and office appliances	861,809,207	39,842,622	(901,651,829)	-	-
Transportation equipment	703,977,939	46,812,500	(750,790,439)	-	-
Electric Installations	1,615,432,045	=	(1,615,432,045)	<u> </u>	-
Total	11,005,589,279	125,153,171	(11,130,742,450)	<u> </u>	-
Net Book Value	722,175,668		_	<u>-</u>	-
_			_		
	April 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2014
<del>-</del>	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR	INR ( Crore)
_					
At cost:	0.407.040.400		(705 007 405)	5 704 404 074	0.70
Machinery Computer and data processing	6,427,349,106	-	(705,867,435)	5,721,481,671	2.73
equipment	1,493,613,391	_	(635,348,986)	858,264,405	0.41
Factory equipment	1,822,070,797	_	(424,923,504)	1,397,147,293	0.41
Home and office appliances	1,457,779,206	_	(474,966,608)	982,812,598	0.47
Transportation equipment	2,582,826,048	_	(1,430,199,121)	1,152,626,927	0.55
Electric Installations	1,615,432,053	<u> </u>		1,615,432,053	0.77
Total	15,399,070,601	<u> </u>	(3,671,305,654)	11,727,764,947	5.60
Accumulated depreciation: Machinery	4,408,769,100	1,655,524,985	(342,812,444)	5,721,481,641	2.74
Computer and data processing	4,400,703,100	1,000,024,000	(342,012,444)	3,721,401,041	2.74
equipment	1,376,453,771	41,818,696	(596,234,846)	822,037,621	0.39
Factory equipment	1,167,091,419	378,464,260	(264,704,853)	1,280,850,826	0.61
Home and office appliances	1,084,586,707	170,965,820	(393,743,320)	861,809,207	0.41
Transportation equipment	1,518,402,680	348,938,738	(1,163,363,479)	703,977,939	0.34
Electric Installations	950,995,847	664,436,198	<u> </u>	1,615,432,045	0.77
Total	10,506,299,524	3,260,148,697	(2,760,858,942)	11,005,589,279	5.26
Net Book Value	4,892,771,077			722,175,668	0.34

Depreciation charges to operation amounting to IDR 125,153,171 (INR 0.06 Crore) for 2015 and IDR 3,260,148,697 (INR 1.56 Crore) for 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

(Expressed in Indonesian Rupiah, unless otherwise stated) (Continued)

## 8. EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS

The Company provides defined post-employment benefits for all its local permanent employees based on the Labor Law No. 13 Year 2003 concerning the settlement of labor dismissal and the stipulation of severance pay, gratuity, and compensation in companies. The Company prepared his own calculation for 2014 and 2015, because there are only 4 employees left in the Company.

An analysis of employees' benefit obligation is as follows:

	2015	2014	2015	2014
	IDR	IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
Beginning balance Payment for the year	453,120,736 (453,120,736)	2,777,738,942 (2,324,618,206)	0.22 (0.22)	1.33 (1.11)
Ending balance		453,120,736		0.22

The Company computes the estimated post employees' benefits for 2014 amounting to IDR 453,120,736 and actually paid for IDR 515,104,696 in 2015.

#### 9. CAPITAL STOCK

## 2015 and 2014

			20.0 4.14 20	• •		
		Number of	Percentage of	Tota	al	
Name of Stockholder	Series	Share	Ownership	Paid-up (	Capital	
			%	USD	IDR	INR (Crore)
Bajaj Auto Limited	Α	408,750	98.50%	40,875,000	382,385,625,000	182.65
	В	3,125	0.75%	312,500	2,923,437,500	1.40
Teguh Boentoro	В	3,125	0.75%	312,500	2,923,437,500	1.40
Total		415,000	100.00%	41,500,000	388,232,500,000	185.45

The balance of foreign exchange difference on paid-up capital represents funds received by the Company over the par value of shares issued, as a result of differences in exchange rates between the rate used in the articles of association and the actual rate ruling on the date the foreign currency capital was contributed by the shareholders.

# 10. NET SALES

	2015	2014	2015	2014
	IDR	IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
Vehicles	2,307,679,494	9,919,954,200	1.10	4.74
Spareparts	3,030,443,303	8,204,260,659	1.45	3.92
Scrap	72,345,460	293,233,473	0.03	0.14
Net Sales	5,410,468,257	18,417,448,332	2.58	8.80

## 11. COST OF GOODS SOLD

	2015	2014	2015	2014
	IDR	IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
SKD kits and materials for vehicles	2,601,547,515	11,385,085,156	1.24	5.44
Spare parts	2,176,165,894	5,735,004,489	1.04	2.74
Other consumables	3,806,000	64,624,944	-	0.03
Total	4,781,519,409	17,184,714,589	2.28	8.21

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## 12. OPERATING EXPENSES

# Selling Expenses

	2015	2014	2015	2014
	IDR	IDR	INR (Crore)	INR (Crore)
Incentive and sales promotion	35,868,000	1,945,264,306	0.02	0.93
Vehicles service charges	35,151,467	291,634,213	0.02	0.14
Packing and forwarding	24,380,620	156,602,310	0.01	0.07
Advertisement	-	420,224,600	-	0.20
Subvention charges - other finance companies	-	38,100,000	-	0.02
Dealer training expenses	<u> </u>	10,529,683	-	0.01
Total	95,400,087	2,862,355,112	0.05	1.37

# **General and Administrative Expenses**

	2015 IDR	2014 IDR	2015 INR (Crore)	2014 INR (Crore)
Rental	1,897,408,069	5,575,368,147	0.90	2.67
Staff on cost	1,807,397,463	7,291,829,051	0.86	3.49
Travelling	594,169,100	1,030,772,230	0.28	0.49
Consultancy	334,032,921	532,348,999	0.16	0.25
Security	231,374,700	442,142,000	0.11	0.21
Professional fee	228,574,026	432,407,557	0.11	0.21
Power and electricity	228,272,256	399,358,590	0.11	0.19
Depreciation	125,153,171	3,260,148,697	0.06	1.56
Courier and communication	97,803,713	268,086,657	0.05	0.13
Repair	95,815,823	540,373,300	0.05	0.26
Motor car expenses	87,438,195	173,522,714	0.04	0.08
Provision for doubtful account	85,365,365	-	0.04	-
Welfare	81,559,730	918,328,015	0.04	0.44
Data entry and others EDP	74,395,562	213,395,369	0.04	0.10
Bank charges	22,447,022	52,979,493	0.01	0.03
Printing and stationery	10,619,100	47,918,650	0.01	0.02
Insurance	-	172,986,504	-	0.08
Books and periodicals	-	8,334,500	-	-
Others	194,830,798	552,850,046	0.09	0.26
Total	6,196,657,014	21,913,150,519	2.96	10.47

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 AND 2014

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#### 13. MONETARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

As of March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company had monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency as follows:

	2015			2014			
	Balance in USD	Equivalent in IDR	Equivalent in INR (Crore)	Balance in USD	Equivalent in IDR	Equivalent in INR (Crore)	
Assets Cash on hand and in banks Prepaid expenses and	421,385.60	5,513,409,190	2.63	536,668.67	6,120,169,513	2.93	
deposits				21,505.00	245,243,020	0.12	
Total Assets	421,385.60	5,513,409,190	2.63	558,173.67	6,365,412,533	3.05	
<u>Liabilities</u> Accrued expenses	9,000.00	117,756,000	0.06	-	<u>-</u>	-	
Total Liabilities	9,000.00	117,756,000	0.06				
Net Assets	412,385.60	5,395,653,190	2.57	558,173.67	6,365,412,533	3.05	

The conversion rate used by the Company is IDR 13,084 and IDR 11,404 for USD 1 as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### 14. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's treasury policies are designed to mitigate the financial impact of fluctuations in interest rates and foreign exchanges rates and to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial risk.

#### (i) Market Risk

#### Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily arise from recognized monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency.

The Company closely monitors the foreign exchange rate fluctuation and market expectation so it can take necessary actions benefits to the Company in due time. The management currently considers no need to make any forward/swaps currency transaction.

# (ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that customers will default on its contractual obligation resulting in loss to the Company.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributed to its cash in banks and trade receivables. The credit risk on the bank balance is limited because the Company place their bank balances with credit worthy financial institutions. The Company minimizes credit risk exposure on trade receivables arising from customers by limiting the amount of credit to any particular customer and by monitoring receivables aging and managing ongoing collection.

## (iii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its obligations when due. The management evaluates and monitors cash-in flows and cash-out flows to ensure the availability of fund to settle the due obligation. In general, fund needed to settle the current and longterm liabilities are obtained from sales activities to customers.

# 15. COMPLETION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of the Company is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that were completed on April 16, 2015.

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